

Audit and Governance Committee
Surrey County Council
Progress Report and Update
Year ended 31 March 2017

December 2016

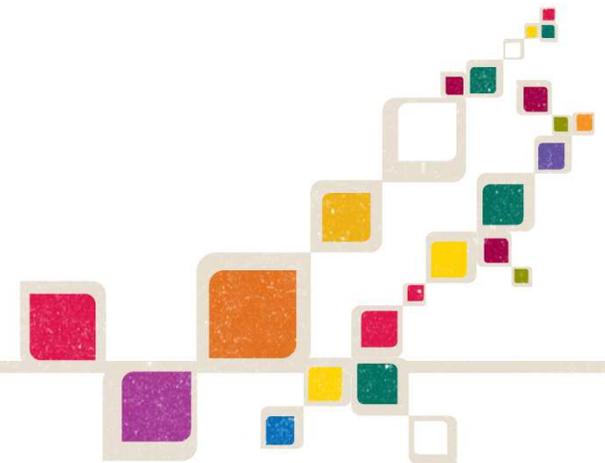
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The contents of this report relate only to the matters which have come to our attention, which we believe need to be reported to you as part of our audit process. It is not a comprehensive record of all the relevant matters, which may be subject to change, and in particular we cannot be held responsible to you for reporting all of the risks which may affect your business or any weaknesses in your internal controls. This report has been prepared solely for your benefit and should not be quoted in whole or in part without our prior written consent. We do not accept any responsibility for any loss occasioned to any third party acting, or refraining from acting on the basis of the content of this report, as this report was not prepared for, nor intended for, any other purpose.



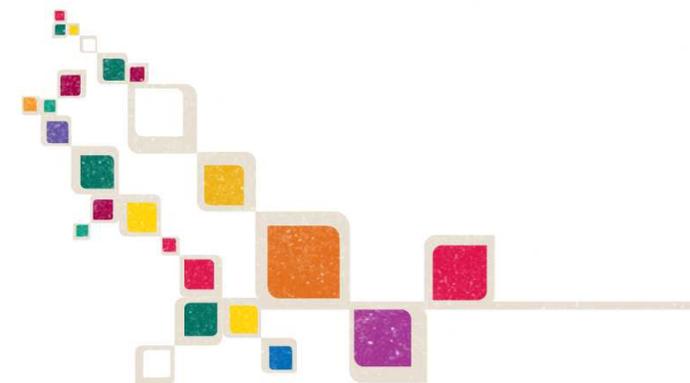
Introduction

This paper provides the Audit and Governance Committee with a report on progress in delivering our responsibilities as your external auditors.

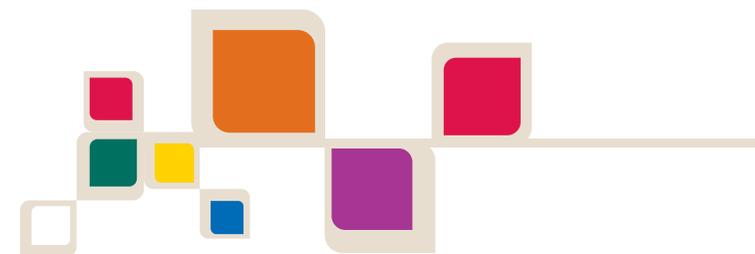
Members of the Audit and Governance Committee can find further useful material on our website www.grant-thornton.co.uk, where we have a section dedicated to our work in the public sector. Here you can download copies of our publications:

- Advancing closure: the benefits to local authorities (July 2016) www.grantthornton.co.uk/insights/advancing-closure-the-benefits-to-local-authorities/
- Building a successful joint venture company (April 2016) www.grantthornton.co.uk/en/insights/building-a-successful-joint-venture-company/
- Innovation in public financial management (December 2015); www.grantthornton.global/en/insights/articles/innovation-in-public-financial-management/
- Knowing the Ropes – Audit Committee; Effectiveness Review (October 2015); www.grantthornton.co.uk/en/insights/knowing-the-ropes--audit-committee-effectiveness-review-2015/
- Making devolution work: A practical guide for local leaders (October 2015) www.grantthornton.co.uk/en/insights/making-devolution-work/

If you would like further information on any items in this briefing, or would like to register with Grant Thornton to receive regular email updates on issues that are of interest to you, please contact either your Engagement Lead or Engagement Manager.

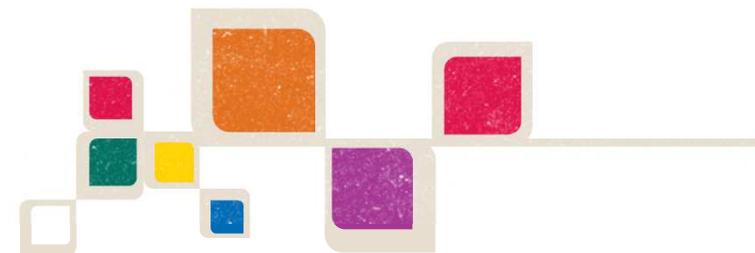


Progress at November 2016



2015/16 work			
	Planned Date	Complete?	Comments
<p>Annual Audit Letter We are required to issue the Annual Audit Letter by the 30 November</p>	30/11/2016	Yes	The Letter summarises the key findings arising from the work that we have carried out at the Council for the year ended 31 March 2016. This was presented to the 26 September 2016 Audit and Governance Committee.
<p>Grant Claims Audit We are required to certify your Teachers Pension Claims by 30 November. We are not auditing any other grant claims.</p>	30/11/2016	In progress	At the time of writing, our work is substantially complete. We plan to certify the claim following the conclusion of our procedures by 30 November 2016.
2016/17 work			
	Planned Date	Complete?	Comments
<p>Fee Letter We are required to issue a 'Planned fee letter for 2016/17' by the end of April 2016</p>		Yes	This has been issued
<p>Accounts Audit Plan We are required to issue a detailed accounts audit plan to the Council setting out our proposed approach in order to give an opinion on the Council's 2016-17 financial statements.</p>	February 2017	Not yet due	We will discuss a draft Audit Plan with the Council and present it to the Audit and Governance Committee. The Plan is based on our regular liaison meetings with the finance team and our findings from the initial planning and risk assessment audit visit.
<p>Interim accounts audit Our interim fieldwork visit plan included:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • updated review of the Council's control environment • updated understanding of financial systems • review of Internal Audit reports on core financial systems • early work on emerging accounting issues • early substantive testing • Value for Money conclusion risk assessment. 	December 2016 February 2017	Not yet due	We have planned regular audit visits throughout the financial year to ensure that we carry out as much early testing as possible before the accounts audit visit in June 2017. We are carrying out early testing of Highways Network Assets. Please see further information on page 8.

Progress at November 2016



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2016/17 work	Planned Date	Complete?	Comments
<p>Final accounts audit</p> <p>Including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • audit of the 2016/17 financial statements • proposed opinion on the Council's accounts • proposed Value for Money conclusion • review of the Council's disclosures in the consolidated accounts against the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2015/16 	June-July 2017	Not yet due	The Council's ambitious early closedown timetable will be delivered again in 2016/17
<p>Value for Money (VfM) conclusion</p> <p>The scope of our work is unchanged to 2015/16 and is set out in the final guidance issued by the National Audit Office in November 2015. The Code requires auditors to satisfy themselves that; "the Council has made proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources".</p> <p>The guidance confirmed the overall criterion as; "in all significant respects, the audited body had proper arrangements to ensure it took properly informed decisions and deployed resources to achieve planned and sustainable outcomes for taxpayers and local people".</p> <p>The three sub criteria for assessment to be able to give a conclusion overall are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Informed decision making • Sustainable resource deployment • Working with partners and other third parties 	March–July 2017	Not yet due	<p>We will set out the results of our risk assessment and the proposed focus of our work in the Audit Plan.</p> <p>The results of our VfM audit work and the key messages arising will be reported in our Audit Findings Report.</p> <p>We will include our conclusion as part of our report on your financial statements.</p>

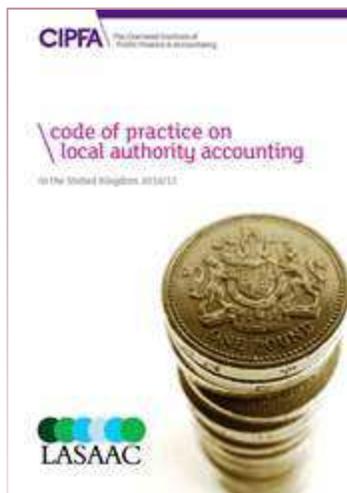
Technical Matters



Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2016/17

This is the seventh edition of the Code to be prepared under International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), which have been adopted as the basis for public sector accounting in the UK. The 2016/17 Code has been developed by CIPFA/LASAAC and has effect for financial years commencing on or after 1 April 2016.

Local authorities in the United Kingdom are required to keep their accounts in accordance with 'proper (accounting) practices'. This is defined, for the purposes of local government legislation, as meaning compliance with the terms of the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom (the Code).



The Code includes changes resulting from the 'Telling the Story' review on improving the presentation of local authority financial statements. These include new formats and reporting requirements for the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement and the Movement in Reserves Statement and the introduction of the new Expenditure and Funding Analysis.

Amendments arising from the narrow scope amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards including changes from the following amended standards:

IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements under the International Accounting Standards Board Disclosure Initiative

IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures in relation to key management personnel as a result of the Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2010 – 2012

IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements Accounting for Acquisitions of interest in Joint Operations

IFRS 8 Operating Segments as a result of the Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2010 – 2012.

An update to the Statements Reporting Reviews of Internal Controls Section of the Code for the changes to the Delivering Good Governance in Local Government: Framework (2016) published by CIPFA and SOLACE.

Highways network asset accounting deferred

One of the main changes in the CIPFA Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting for 2016/17 was the new requirement for authorities to measure Highways Network Assets (HNA) at Depreciated Replacement Cost as opposed to Historical Cost with authorities also being expected to adhere to the recently issued Highways Network Code from CIPFA. This change in is expected to result in a vast increase in the Council's asset valuation on its Balance sheet.

Furthermore, the new accounting requirements for HNA will impact on a number of other areas in the financial statements, including the creation of a new asset and revaluation reserve and the inclusion of a number of new disclosures as required by the HNA Code.

In preparation for this the Council was selected to be part of a pilot audit because of the good level of preparedness it had shown to date in implementing its project plan for HNA accounting. The purpose of the pilot audit was to perform an early review in order to determine the completeness and accuracy of HNA data held by the Council – a key requirement of the CIPFA Code, to understand the processes and controls the Council has in place to produce a reasonable estimate of HNA balances within the 2016/17 financial statements and to identify areas for the Council's attention ahead of the financial statements preparation.

The pilot began in October 2016 with the help of Finance and members of the Highways Information team based in Guildford.

Through our pilot work we were able to confirm that the Council were up-to-date in terms of its implementation of its HNA accounting project plan and had a number of sound processes in place as it moved towards obtaining a complete listing of its HNA inventory data.

On 14 November CIPFA/LASAAC announced a deferral of the move to measuring the Highways Network Asset at depreciated replacement cost in local authority financial statements for 2016/17. This is due to delays in obtaining updated central rates for gross replacement cost ('GRC') valuations.

CIPFA/LASAAC will issue an Update to the 2016/17 Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom to confirm this decision once it has completed the full due process. CIPFA/LASAAC will review this position at its meeting in March 2017 with a view to implementation in 2017/18 and will consider whether central GRC rates and the central assurance processes will be delivered in a timely manner to allow successful implementation. It expects that the 2017/18 Code will be on the same basis as planned for 2016/17, i.e. not requiring restatement of preceding year information.

Whilst formal implementation has been delayed, authorities will still need to ensure that physical inventory and condition data is as complete and accurate as possible for the expected implementation in 2017/18 in advance of the expected opening balance date of 1 April 2017.

Sector issues and developments



National Audit Office:

Below is a selection of reports issued during 2016 which may be of interest to Audit and Governance Committee members. Please see the website for all reports issued by the NAO.



Local welfare provision

Overall spending on discretionary local welfare support by central and local government has reduced since April 2013. The consequences of this gap in provision are not understood.

Published:
12 Jan 2016

Sector(s): [Community and society](#), [Local services](#)

Performance Improvement area(s): [Financial and service sustainability](#), [Local service delivery](#)

<https://www.nao.org.uk/report/local-welfare-provision/>



English devolution deals

Devolution deals to devolve power from central government to local areas in England offer opportunities to stimulate economic growth and reform public services for local users, but the arrangements are untested and government could do more to provide confidence that these deals will achieve the benefits intended

Published:
20 Apr 2016

Sector(s): [Central Finance and Treasury](#), [Community and society](#)

Performance Improvement area(s): [Economic growth](#), [Local service delivery](#)

<https://www.nao.org.uk/report/english-devolution-deals/>



Financial sustainability of local authorities: capital expenditure and resourcing

Local authorities have kept up levels of capital spending but face pressure to meet debt costs and maintain investment in existing assets.

Published:
15 Jun 2016

Sector(s): [Community and society](#), [Local services](#)

Performance Improvement area(s): [Financial and service sustainability](#), [Local service delivery](#)

<https://www.nao.org.uk/report/financial-sustainability-of-local-authorities-capital-expenditure-and-resourcing/>

National Audit Office reports (continued)



Overview: Local government

This Overview looks at the local government landscape during the last financial year and summarises both matters of likely interest to Parliament as well as our work with local authorities. The NAO prepares statutory guidance on how local auditors should meet their responsibilities.

Sector(s): [Local services](#)

Performance Improvement area(s): [Departmental Overviews](#), [Local service delivery](#)

Published:
9 Nov 2016

<https://www.nao.org.uk/report/overview-local-government/>



The Troubled Families programme: update

This report is a factual update to support the Committee of Public Accounts' evidence session on the government's Troubled Families programme on 19 October 2016. It is based primarily on published sources, information supplied by the Department for Communities and Local Government and previous reports published by the National Audit Office.

Sector(s): [Community and society](#), [Local services](#)

Published:
18 Oct 2016

<https://www.nao.org.uk/report/the-troubled-families-programme-update/>

Grant Thornton



Integrated Reporting

Looking beyond the report

The move away from reporting based on historic financial information is beginning to gain momentum and Integrated Reporting is now mandatory in some countries.

In the UK, CIPFA proposed in their consultation document that the narrative report from 2017/18 reflects elements of the International Integrated Reporting Council's framework whilst the Treasury is encouraging public sector organisations to adopt Integrated Reporting.

Integrated reporting: Looking beyond the report was produced by our global Integrated Reporting team, based in the UK, New Zealand and South Africa, to help organisations obtain the benefits of Integrated Reporting.

The International Integrated Reporting Council (IIRC) describes Integrated Reporting as "*enhancing the way organisations think, plan and report the story of their business.*"

At Grant Thornton, we fully agree with this and, in our view, the key word is 'enhancing' because a lot of the elements to support effective Integrated Reporting are likely to be in place already.

But anyone focussing purely on the production of the report itself will not reap the full benefits that effective Integrated Reporting can offer.

Instead, think of Integrated Reporting as demonstrating "integrated thinking" across your entire organisation, with the actual report being an essential element of it.

Our methodology is based on six modules which are designed to be independent of each other.

1. **Secure support** – effective Integrated Reporting needs leadership from the top.
2. **Identify stakeholders** – who are they and how can you engage with them?
3. **Identify the capitals for your organisation** – what resources do you use to create value?
4. **What do you have – and what do you need?** – do you have the data you need and is it accurate?
5. **Set limits and create boundaries** – make sure your report is focussed.
6. **Review and improve** – Integrated Reporting is a continuous learning process.

Our approach to Integrated Reporting is deliberately simple; experience has shown us that this works best. Things are often only complicated because people made them that way.

Our experienced, independent teams can help you keep focused throughout the entire Integrated Reporting process and can support you, no matter what stage you are at. Please speak to your Engagement Lead if you would like to discuss this further.

Grant Thornton publications

Challenge question:

- Have you thought about how the principles of Integrated Reporting can help your organisation become more focussed?



Integrated reporting
Looking beyond the report
November 2016



Integrated Thinking and Reporting

Focusing on value creation in the public sector

Grant Thornton has seconded staff to the International Integrated Reporting Council on a pro bono basis for a number of years.

They have been working on making the principles of Integrated Reporting <IR> relevant to the public sector and co-authored a recent report by CIPFA and the World Bank: *Integrated thinking and reporting: focusing on value creation in the public sector - an introduction for leaders*.

Around one third of global gross domestic product (GDP) is made up by the public sector and this is being invested in ensuring there is effective infrastructure, good educational opportunities and reliable health care. In many ways, it is this investment by the public sector that is helping to create the conditions for wealth creation and preparing the way for the success of this and future generations.

Traditional reporting frameworks, focussed only on historic financial information, are not fit-for-purpose for modern, multi-dimensional public sector organisations.

Integrated Reporting supports sustainable development and financial stability and enables public sector organisations to broaden the conversation about the services they provide and the value they create.

The public sector faces multiple challenges, including:

- Serving and being accountable to a wide stakeholder base;
- Providing integrated services with sustainable outcomes;
- Maintaining a longer-term perspective, whilst delivering in the short term; and
- Demonstrating the sustainable value of services provided beyond the financial.

The <IR> Framework is principle based and enables organisations to tailor their reporting to reflect their own thinking and strategies and to demonstrate they are delivering the outcomes they were aiming for.

Integrated Reporting can help public sector organisations deal with the above challenges by:

- Addressing diverse and often conflicting public accountability requirements;
- Focussing on the internal and external consequences of an organisation's activities;
- Looking beyond the 'now' to the 'near' and then the 'far';
- Considering the resources used other than just the financial.

The report includes examples of how organisations have benefitted from Integrated Reporting.

CIPFA Publications

Challenge question:

- Have you reviewed the CIPFA guide to Integrated Reporting in the public sector?



Brexit

Planning can help organisations reduce the impact of Brexit

Several months have passed since the referendum to leave the European Union (EU), during which there has been a flurry of political activity, including the party conference season.

After many years of relative stability, organisations will need to prepare themselves for a period of uncertainty and volatility and will need to keep their risk registers under constant review. The outcome of the US Presidential election in November 2016 has added to this uncertainty.

The High Court ruling that Parliament should have a say before the UK invokes Article 50 of the Lisbon Treaty – which triggers up to two years of formal EU withdrawal talks – will not, in our view, impact on the final outcome. There appears to be a general political consensus that Brexit does mean Brexit, but we feel there could be slippage beyond the original timetable which expected to see the UK leave the EU by March 2019.

2017 elections in The Netherlands (March), France (April/May), and Germany (October/November) will complicate the Brexit negotiation process and timeline at a time when Brexit is more important for the UK than it is for the remaining 27 Member States

The question still remains, what does Brexit look like?

While there may be acceptance among politicians that the UK is leaving the EU, there is far from any agreement on what our future relationship with the continent should be.

So, what do we expect based on what has happened so far?

Existing EU legislation will remain in force

We expect that the Government will introduce a “Repeal Act” (repealing the European Communities Act of 1972 that brought us into the EU) in early 2017.

As well as undoing our EU membership, this will transpose existing EU regulations and legislation into UK law. We welcome this recognition of the fact that so much of UK law is based on EU rules and that trying to unpick these would not only take many years but also create additional uncertainty.

Taking back control is a priority

It appears that the top priority for government is 'taking back control', specifically of the UK's borders. Ministers have set out proposals ranging from reducing our dependence on foreign doctors or cutting overseas student numbers. The theme is clear: net migration must fall.

Grant Thornton update

Challenge questions:

- Have you assessed the potential impact of Brexit on your organisation?
- Does your risk register include Brexit and is this regularly updated and reported?

Leaving the Single Market appears likely

The tone and substance of Government speeches on Brexit, coupled with the wish for tighter controls on immigration and regulation, suggest a future where the UK enjoys a much more detached relationship with the EU.

Potential existing examples for the UK's future relationship, such as the 'Norwegian' or 'Swiss' models, seem out of the question. The UK wants a 'bespoke deal'.

Given the rhetoric coming from Europe, our view is that this would signal an end to the UK's membership of the Single Market. With seemingly no appetite to amend the four key freedoms required for membership, the UK appears headed for a so-called 'Hard Brexit'. It is possible that the UK will seek a transitional arrangement, to give time to negotiate the details of our future trading relationship.

Brexit

This is of course, all subject to change, and, politics, especially at the moment, moves quickly.

Where does this leave the public sector?

After a relatively stable summer, we expect there will be increased volatility as uncertainty grows approaching the formal negotiation period.

Planning can help organisations reduce the impact of Brexit

The chancellor has acknowledged the effect this may have on investment and signalled his intention to support the economy, delaying plans to get the public finances into surplus by 2019/20.

We expect that there will be some additional government investment in 2017, with housing and infrastructure being the most likely candidates.

Clarity is a long way off. However, public sector organisations should be planning now for making a success of a hard Brexit, with a focus on:

Staffing – organisations should begin preparing for possible restrictions on their ability to recruit migrant workers and also recognise that the UK may be a less attractive place for them to live and work. Non-UK employees might benefit from a degree of reassurance as our expectation is that those already here will be allowed to stay. Employees on short term or rolling contracts might find it more difficult to stay over time.

Financial viability – public sector bodies should plan how they will overcome any potential shortfalls in funding (e.g. grants, research funding or reduced student numbers).

Market volatility – for example pension fund and charitable funds investments and future treasury management considerations.

International collaboration – perhaps a joint venture or PPP scheme with an overseas organisation or linked research projects.

Grant Thornton update

Challenge questions:

- Have you assessed the potential impact of Brexit on your organisation?
- Does your risk register include Brexit and is this regularly updated and reported?

For regular updates on Brexit, please see our website:

<http://www.grantthornton.co.uk/en/insights/brexit-planning-the-future-shaping-the-debate/>



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